SEAN MACBRIDE PEACE PRIZE 2014
Awarded to the People and Government of the Marshall Islands

*It is known as a tropical paradise.*

But the Marshall Islands have also suffered from the nuclear testing inflicted on their country by the USA from 1946 to 1958

For decades they have resisted the abuse of their islands and protested the serious effects on their health
Now the islanders have decided to take the nuclear states to court...

On April 24, 2014, The Marshall Islands filed unprecedented lawsuits in the International Court of Justice and U.S. Federal Court to hold the nine nuclear-armed nations accountable for flagrant violations of international law with respect to their nuclear disarmament obligations under the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty and customary international law. Some 73 civil society leaders from 22 countries around the world have lent their support to the people and government of the Marshall Islands and the Nuclear Zero Lawsuits.

For this courageous decision the International Peace Bureau will award them the 2014 Sean MacBride Peace Prize, given every year to a person or organisation that has made an outstanding contribution to peace, disarmament and/or human rights.

SEAN MACBRIDE
These were the principal concerns of Sean MacBride, the distinguished Irish statesman who was Chairman of IPB from 1968-74 and President from 1974-1985. MacBride began his career as a fighter against British colonial rule, studied law and rose to high office in the independent Irish Republic. He was a winner of the Lenin Peace Prize, and also the Nobel Peace Prize (1974) – awarded for his wide-ranging work, which included roles such as co-founder of Amnesty International, Secretary-General of the International Commission of Jurists, and UN Commissioner for Namibia. While at IPB he launched the Bradford Proposals on World Disarmament, which laid the ground for the first UN Special Session on Disarmament, held in 1978. He also launched the MacBride Appeal against Nuclear Weapons, which gathered the names of over 11,000 international lawyers from all parts of the world, many of them at the very highest level. This effort paved the way for the World Court Project on nuclear weapons, in which IPB played a major role. This resulted in the historic 1996 Advisory Opinion of the International Court of Justice on the Use and Threat of Nuclear Weapons. MacBride died in 1988, but the Prize was not established until 1992, IPB's centenary year.

THE AWARD
The award is decided by the IPB Steering Committee. IPB members are welcome to make suggestions and provide background documentation on potential candidates. The Prize is a non-monetary one, consisting of a medal cast by the California-based company From War to Peace: "We recycle copper from disarmed nuclear missile systems to create Peace Bronze, the most precious metal in our world".

THE INTERNATIONAL PEACE BUREAU
The IPB is a global network dedicated to the vision of a World Without War. We are a Nobel Peace Laureate (1910), and over the years 13 of our officers have also been recipients of the Nobel Peace Prize. Our 300 member organisations in 70 countries, and individual members, form a worldwide community bringing together expertise and campaigning experience in a common cause. IPB has UN Consultative Status since 1977 and is the Secretariat of the NGO Committee for Disarmament (Geneva). Our main programme centres on Disarmament for Sustainable Development, of which the Global Day of Action on Military Spending is a key part.
Programme: MacBride Award Ceremony
Friday, 5 December 2014, 19.00 to 21.00
Ballroom, Vienna University of Technology, Karlsplatz 13, 1040 Vienna
Event will be conducted in English without translation. Sections in German language possible. All welcome

Facilitator: Ingeborg Breines (IPB Co-President)

Welcome
• Prof.Dr.Helga Kromp-Kolp, Science & Environment Forum, Vienna Boku University
• Mayor Michael Häupl, OR Councillor Ulli Sima for the City of Vienna
• Representative of the Austrian Foreign Ministry
• Angela Kane, UN High Representative for Disarmament – video message, TBC

Situation of the Marshall Islands (video)

Award of the 2014 Sean MacBride Peace Prize to the people and government of the Republic of the Marshall Islands
• Dr. Reiner Braun, IPB Co-President
• Alexander Göbel, performer

Presentation of the medal to the representatives of the Republic of the Marshall Islands:
Tony de Brum, Foreign Minister; with Abacca Anjain Maddison (civil society rep. TBC)
• Acceptance speech: Tony de Brum

Conclusion
• Reiner Braun / Ingeborg Breines

Buffet
PREVIOUS MACBRIDE PRIZE WINNERS


2012: Lina Ben Mhenni, Tunisian blogger and activist; and Nawal El-Saadawi, Egyptian feminist writer, activist, physician and psychiatrist.

2011 Hanaa Edwar, human rights activist, Iraq, and Peter Becker, anti-nuclear lawyer, Germany.

2010 Binalakshmi Nepram, founder of Manipur Women Gun Survivors Network and Secretary-General of Control Arms Foundation of India.

2009 Betty Reardon, peace educator, USA.

2008 Jackie Cabasso, has been involved in (US) nuclear disarmament, peace and environmental advocacy on local, national and international level for over 25 years.

2007 Jayantha Dhanapala, Sri Lankan Diplomat, former Head of the UN's Dept. for Disarmament Affairs.

2006 Mayors for Peace. Awarded to Tadatoshi Akiba, Mayor of Hiroshima; and in Nagasaki to Iccho Itoh, Mayor Nagasaki (who, sadly, was subsequently murdered).

2005 No award made.

2004 Leaders of the Geneva Initiative on the Middle East.

2003 Nihon Hidankyo, the Japanese hibakusha or survivors of the A bomb attacks on Hiroshima and Nagasaki in 1945. They have devoted the rest of their lives to the elimination of nuclear weapons.

2002 Barbara Lee, only member of US Congress to vote against the war on Afghanistan.

2001 Rosalie Berтелл, Canada-based public health advocate, scientist, author – who put her professional skills at the service of victims of nuclear and other disasters. (Chernobyl, Bhopal etc).

2000 Praful Bidwai and Achin Vanaik, Indian journalists who have been at the forefront of the international campaign against the nuclearisation of South Asia.

1999 Barbara Gladysch, Mothers for Peace, Germany, as a tribute to her outstanding and long-lasting commitment, both to disarmament and to practical solidarity with victims of war and disaster.


1997 The Seeds of Hope Group, UK for disarming a Hawk aircraft bound for Indonesia.

1996 Selim Beslagic, Mayor of Tuzla, Bosnia, a key proponent of a multi-ethnic solution to the Bosnian crisis.

1995 The Committee of Soldiers' Mothers of Russia, foremost among Russian citizens' groups opposing the war in Chechnya.

1994 Mordechai Vanunu, Israel, a former nuclear technician, sentenced to 18 years solitary confinement for revealing details of Israel's nuclear arsenal.

1993 Hilda Lini, Vanuatu, a former health minister who played a key role in the WHO's decision to approve a request to the World Court on the legal status of nuclear weapons.

1992 Michael D. Higgins, Ireland, human rights lawyer, President of Ireland since 11 November 2011.